# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

## **2017 REGULAR SESSION**

### Introduced

## House Bill 2997

BY DELEGATE HANSHAW

[Introduced March 14, 2017; Referred

to the Committee on Education]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §18-2-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating 2 generally to applied associate of science degrees that target workforce needs; authorizing certain schools to grant applied associate of science degrees that target workforce needs; 3 requiring the West Virginia State Board of Education to promulgate rules setting the 4 5 minimum standards for granting applied associate of science degrees that target 6 workforce needs; and limiting the schools that grant applied associate of science degrees 7 that target workforce needs to vocational technical schools which are accredited by the appropriate nationally recognized accrediting agency or association approved by the 8 9 United States Department of Education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-2-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by amended and reenacted
to read as follows:

### **ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.**

§18-2-6. Classification and standardization of schools; standards for degrees and diplomas; certificates of proficiency; establishment of alternative education programs.

(a) The state board shall promulgate rules for the accreditation, classification and
 standardization of all schools in the state, except institutions of higher education, and shall
 determine the minimum standards for granting diplomas, <u>applied associate of science degrees</u>
 that target workforce needs, and certificates of proficiency by those schools.

5 (1) The certificates of proficiency shall include specific information regarding the 6 graduate's skills, competence and readiness for employment or honors and advanced education 7 and shall be granted, along with the diploma, to every eligible high school graduate.

8 (2) The certificate of proficiency shall include the program of study major completed by the 9 student only for those students who have completed the required major courses, or higher level 10 courses, advanced placement courses, college courses or other more rigorous substitutes related

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11 to the major, and the recommended electives.

(3) The applied associate of science degrees that target specific workforce needs shall
 only be granted by vocational technical schools which are accredited by the appropriate nationally
 recognized accrediting agency or association approved by the United States Department of
 Education.

(b) An institution of less than collegiate or university status may not grant any diploma or
certificate of proficiency on any basis of work or merit below the minimum standards prescribed
by the state board.

(c) A charter or other instrument containing the right to issue diplomas or certificates of proficiency may not be granted by the State of West Virginia to any institution or other associations or organizations of less than collegiate or university status within the state until the condition of granting or issuing the diplomas or other certificates of proficiency has first been approved in writing by the state board.

(d) The state board shall promulgate a rule for the approval of alternative education
 programs for disruptive students who are at risk of not succeeding in the traditional school
 structure.

(1) This rule may provide for the waiver of other policies of the state board, the
establishment and delivery of a nontraditional curriculum, the establishment of licensure
requirements for alternative education program teachers, and the establishment of performance
measures for school accreditation.

(2) This rule shall provide uniform definitions of disruptive student behavior and uniform
 standards for the placement of students in alternative settings or providing other interventions
 including referrals to local juvenile courts to correct student behavior so that they can return to a
 regular classroom without engaging in further disruptive behavior.

(e) The state board shall establish up to five pilot projects at the elementary or middle
 school levels, or both, that employ alternative schools or other placements for disruptive students

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to learn appropriate behaviors so they can return to the regular classroom without further disrupting the learning environment. The state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability by December 1, 2010, on its progress in establishing the pilot projects and by December 1 in each year after that for the duration of the pilot projects on the effect of the projects on maintaining student discipline.

(f) If a student attends an approved alternative education program or the Mountaineer Challenge Academy, which is designated as a special alternative education program pursuant to section twenty-four, article one-b, chapter fifteen of this code, and the student graduates or passes the General Equivalency Development (GED) Tests within five years of beginning ninth grade, that student shall be considered graduated for the purposes of calculating the high school graduation rate used for school accreditation and school system approval, subject to the following:

48 (1) The student shall be considered graduated only to the extent that this is not in conflict49 with any provision of federal law relating to graduation rates;

(2) If the state board determines that this is in conflict with a provision of federal law relating
to graduation rates, the state board shall request a waiver from the United States Department of
Education; and

(3) If the waiver is granted, notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this
subsection, the student graduating or passing the General Educational Development (GED) Tests
within five years shall be considered graduated.

(g) The state board shall promulgate a rule to support the operation of the National Guard Youth Challenge Program operated by the Adjutant General and known as the Mountaineer Challenge Academy which is designated as a special alternative education program pursuant to section twenty-four, article one-b, chapter fifteen of this code for students who are at risk of not succeeding in the traditional school structure. The rule shall set forth policies and procedures applicable only to the Mountaineer Challenge Academy that provide for, but are not limited to, the following:

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63 (1) Implementation of provisions set forth in section twenty-four, article one-b, chapter64 fifteen of this code;

(2) Precedence of the policies and procedures designated by the National Guard Bureau
 for the operation of the Mountaineer Challenge Academy special alternative education program;

67 (3) Consideration of a student participating in the Mountaineer Challenge Academy special
68 alternative education program at full enrollment status in the referring county for the purposes of
69 funding and calculating attendance and graduation rates, subject to the following:

(A) The student shall be considered at full enrollment status only for the purposes of
calculating attendance and graduation rates to the extent that this is not in conflict with any
provision of federal law relating to attendance or graduation rates;

(B) If the state board determines that this is in conflict with a provision of federal law
relating to attendance or graduation rates, the state board shall request a waiver from the United
States Department of Education;

(C) If the waiver is granted, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (A) of this
subdivision, the student shall be considered at full enrollment status in the referring county for the
purposes of calculating attendance and graduation rates; and

(D) Consideration of the student at full enrollment status in the referring county is for the
purposes of funding and calculating attendance and graduation rates only. For any other purpose,
a student participating in the academy is considered withdrawn from the public school system;

(4) Articulation of the knowledge, skills and competencies gained through alternative
education so that students who return to regular education may proceed toward attainment or
may attain the standards for graduation without duplication;

(5) Consideration of eligibility to take the General Educational Development (GED) Tests
by qualifying within the extraordinary circumstances provisions established by state board rule for
a student participating in the Mountaineer Challenge Academy special alternative education
program who does not meet any other criteria for eligibility; and

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(6) Payment of tuition by a county board to the Mountaineer Challenge Academy for each
student graduating from the academy with a high school diploma that resides in that county
board's school district. For purposes of this subdivision, "tuition" means an amount equal to
seventy-five percent of the amount allotted per pupil under the school aid formula.

93 (h) Nothing in this section or the rules promulgated under this section compels the
94 Mountaineer Challenge Academy to be operated as a special alternative education program or to
95 be subject to any other laws governing the public schools except by its consent.

96 (i) The Legislature makes the following findings regarding students at risk:

97 (1) Defeated and discouraged learners. —

98 (A) Any child who is unlikely to graduate on schedule with both the skills and self esteem
99 necessary to exercise meaningful options in the areas of work, leisure, culture, civic affairs and
100 personal relationships may be defined as being an at-risk student;

(B) Problems associated with students at risk often begin for them in the early grades as
they gradually fall further behind in the essential skills of reading, writing and math;

(C) These problems may be accompanied by such behavior patterns as poor attendance,
 inattentiveness, negative attitudes and acting out in class. These patterns are both symptoms of
 and added catalysts for students to become increasingly defeated and discouraged learners;

106 (D) By the middle grades, students with growing skill deficits usually know they are behind 107 other students and have good reason to feel discouraged. A growing lack of self confidence and 108 self worth, limited optimism for the future, avoidance of school and adults and a dimming view of 109 the relationship between effort and achievement are among the characteristics of defeated and 110 discouraged learners;

111 (E) Public schools are expected to address the needs of all students, minimizing the 112 likelihood that they will become at risk and giving additional attention to those who do; however, 113 the circumstances involved with a child becoming at risk often are complex and may include 114 influences both within and outside of the school environment; and

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(F) In fragile homes, a child who is at risk and is becoming a discouraged and defeated
learner often lacks adequate support and may develop peer relationships that further exacerbate
the difficulty of reengaging him or her in learning, school and responsible social behavior.

(2) The Legislature further finds that the public schools should not be deterred from
seeking and assisting with enrollment of students in an alternative program that helps remedy the
discouragement, lessens skill deficits and facilitates a successful return to public school.

For this purpose, subject to approval of the county superintendent, a student enrolled in the public schools of the county may continue to be enrolled while also enrolled in an alternative program subject to the following conditions:

124 (1) The alternative program is approved by the state board;

(2) The student meets the general description of an at-risk student and exhibits behaviors
and characteristics associated with a discouraged and defeated learner;

127 (3) The alternative program complies with all requests of the county superintendent for128 information on the educational program and progress of the student;

(4) The alternative program includes a family involvement component in its program. This
component shall include, but is not limited to, providing for student and parent participation in
activities that help address the challenging issues that have hindered the student's engagement
and progress in learning;

133 (5) The alternative program includes an on-site boarding option for students;

(6) The alternative program provides an individualized education program for students that
is designed to prepare them for a successful transition back into the public schools; and

(7) The parents or legal guardian of the student make application for enrollment of the
student in the alternative program, agree to the terms and conditions for enrollment, and enroll
the student in the program.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to authorize certain schools to grant applied associate of science degrees that target workforce needs; require the West Virginia State Board of Education to promulgate rules setting the minimum standards for granting applied associate of science degrees that target workforce needs; and limit the schools that grant applied associate of science degrees that target workforce needs to vocational technical schools which are accredited by the appropriate nationally recognized accrediting agency or association approved by the United States Department of Education.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.